



NICARAGUA



→ **Nicaragua** currently has 7 public policies related to soils, which have a multi-thematic character. These are framed within the period from 1983 to 2015; In addition, they are distributed among Decrees, Norms, Laws and Policies.

According to their thematic area, the number of existing public policies in the country regarding soils is detailed below:

● SOIL CONSERVATION: 4

- Law No. 217 - General Law on the environment and natural resources. Refunded text. Date of text: 06-05-1996
- Law No. 693 - Food and Nutrition Sovereignty and Security Law. Refunded text. Date of text: 18-06-2009
- Law for the Promotion of Agroecological or Organic Production (2011) Date of text: 06-21-2011
- Food and Nutrition Security and Sovereignty Policy from the Agricultural and Rural Public Sector. Date of text: 01-05-2009

● SOIL RESTORATION: 1

- Decree No. 1308 - Soil Protection and Erosion Control Law (1983). Date of text: 29-08-1983

● SOIL POLLUTION.: 1

- NTON 11 044-14: Nicaraguan Mandatory Technical Norm on requirements and maximum permissible levels of biosolids for use in agricultural and forestry production. Date of text: 04-05-2015

● WATERLOGGING: 1

- Decree No. 44-2010 ? Regulation of Law No. 620, General Law of National Waters. Date of text: 04-08-2010

As a summary, a table is detailed below in which the public policies mentioned above are displayed and what are the thematic areas with which they are linked:

PUBLIC POLICY	THEMATIC AREA			
	SC	SE	SP	WI
Law N° 217				
Law N° 693				
Law for the Promotion of Agroecological or Organic Production (2011)				
Food and Nutrition Security and Sovereignty Policy from the Agricultural and Rural Public Sector.				
Decree N° 1308				
NTON 11 044-14				
Decree N° 44-2010				

SC: Soil conservation; SE: Soil erosion; SP: Soil pollution.; WI: Waterlogging.